

FAO, 2010











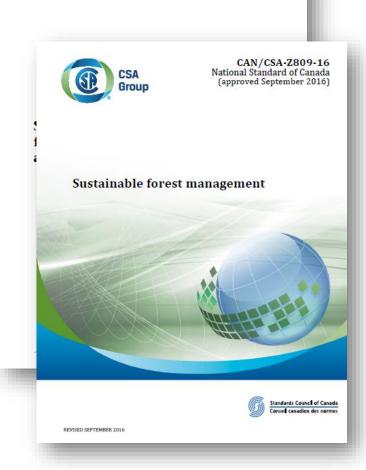




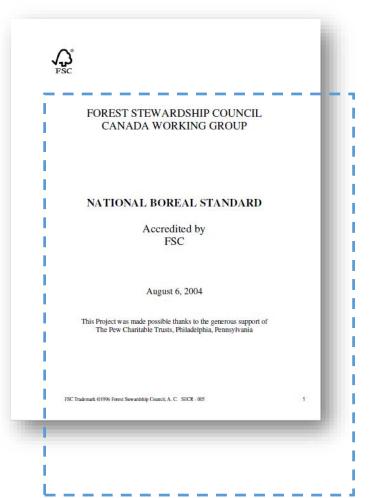




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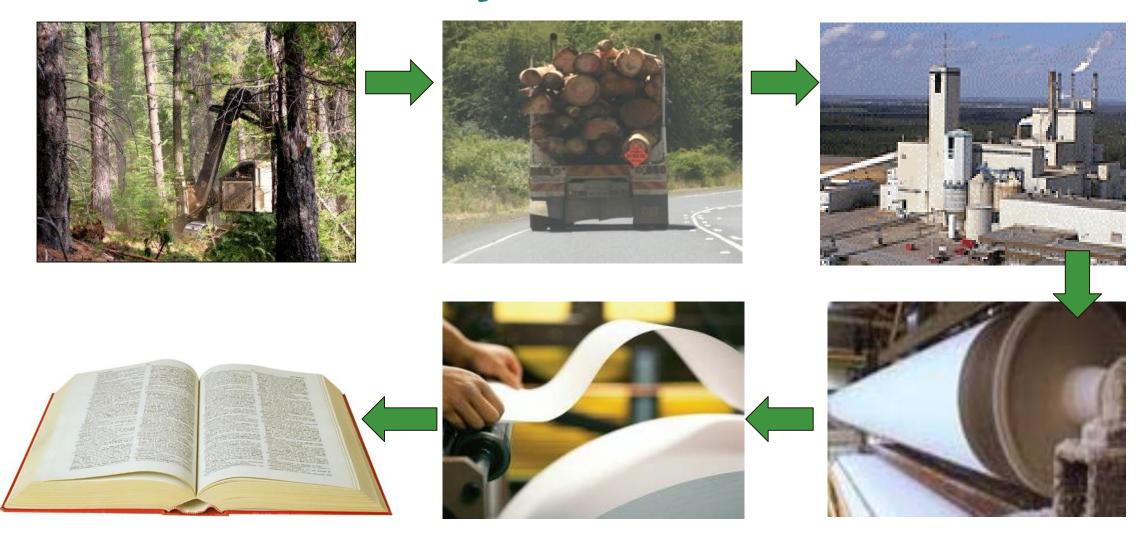
What products get certified?







Chain of Custody



Labelled Products













International Comparison

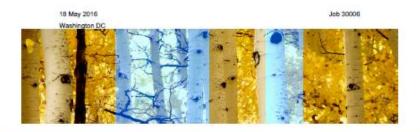
"[T]he Canadian jurisdictions in this study present robust legal frameworks covering the 16 elements of sustainable forest management that are generally supported by voluntary certification standards"



Forest Products Association of Canada Forestry Innovation Investment Ltd. Natural Resources Canada, Canadian Forest Service Canadian Council of Forest Minister's Forest in Mind Program

International Comparison of Forest Management Legal Frameworks and Certification Standards

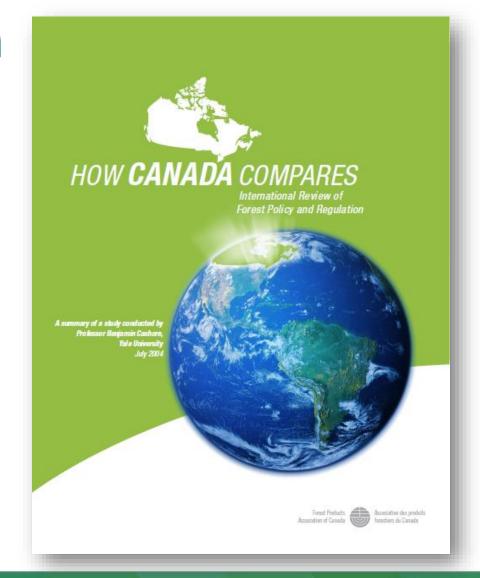
Final Report





International Comparison

"The study demonstrates that [...] the regime of forest management and conservation in Canada, is, in the aggregate, one of the most advanced in the world."



International Comparison

In 2012, the World **Business Council for Sustainable Development** and the World Resources Institute reported that Canada has the lowest occurrence of suspicious log supply and corruption of any country



Canadian Forest Products: A Legal and Sustainable Choice

Canada laads the world with 161 million hectares of forest independently certified as sustainably managed. That is almost twice the size of France and Germany combined. This total represents 43% of all forests certified worldwide. This third party certification complements comprehensive forest management laws and regulations in Canada.

- Most of Canada's forest land (nearly 90%) is public land, owned and managed on behalf of Canadians by provincial and territorial governments. This responsibility has resulted in comprehensive logislation and regulations to protect and manage forests (www.sfmcanada.org).
- All Canadian commercial forestry operations operating on public land are legally bound by federal, provincial, and territorial legislation.
- The comprehensive legislative and regulatory framework, which provides regular scrutiny and audits of forest companies, reduces the risk of illegal logging in Canada.
- Canada has an international reputation as a trusted source of forest products from legal and sustainable sources.
- Consumers of forest products harvested in Canada can be confident that the wood they are buying is harvested within an extensive system based on sustainable forest management.

Third-party certification in Canada

- Third-party certification complements comprehensive forest management laws and regulations in Canada by providing added assurance that a forest company is operating legally, sustainably, and in compliance with world-leading standards for sustainable forest management.
- In Canada, three internationally recognized sustainable forest management certification programs are used (www.cartificationcanada.org/English/index.php). The Canadian Standards Association (CSA) and Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI) systems are endorsed by the international umbroilla organization Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification Schemes (PEFQ). The Forest Stewardship Council (FSQ) has three regional systems: Canada Boreal, British Columbia, and Maritimes. All have been accredited by FSC International.

 Canada has almost half of the world's PEEC-endorsed certifications and almost a third of the world's FSC certifications. As a result, Canada has the largest area of thirdparty independently certified forests (CSA, FSC, and SFI) in the world (http://certificationcanada.org/english/status_intentions/ status_elan).

What do others say about the legality of Canada's forest products?

 A third-party study by the Finnish research company Indufor Oy in 2009 compared forest legislation and forest contification schemes in 11 jurisdictions worldwide and found that "Canada (British Columbia and Ontario) and Australia (New South Walea) are the countries with the most domanding legislation on the studied idements." Further, the study found that "... the strength of the legislation contributes to the strictness of the standard more than does the type of the standard (SC or PEC-C indufor Oy 2009).

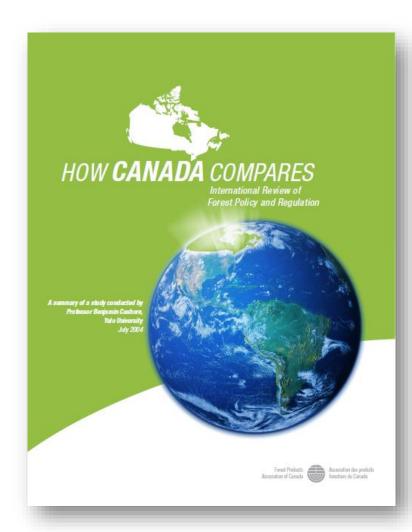
Canada's forests

- Canada has nearly 400 million hectares of natural forest, other wooded land, and other land with tree cover. This represents 38% of Canada's total land surface and 9% of the world's forest cover.
- About 68% of Canada's forests are coniferous, 16% are mixed wood, and the remaining 11% are broad-leaved.
- Less than 0.5% of Canada's forests are harvested annually.
 (NRCan 2014)

Disdainer: Not intended as a proof of legality for a shipment of forest products

Canad'ä







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International Comparison of Forest Management Legal Frameworks and Certification Standards

Final Report

18 May 2016
Washington DG



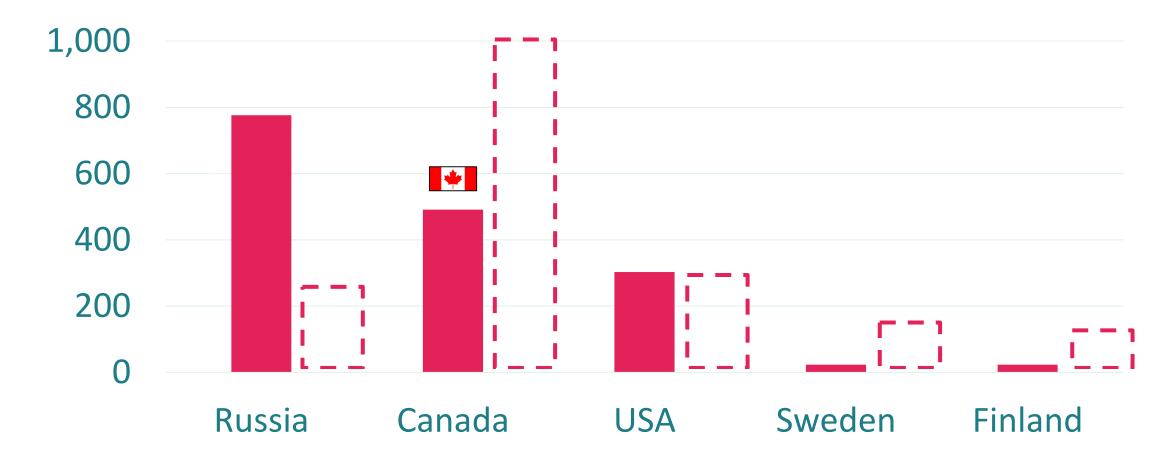




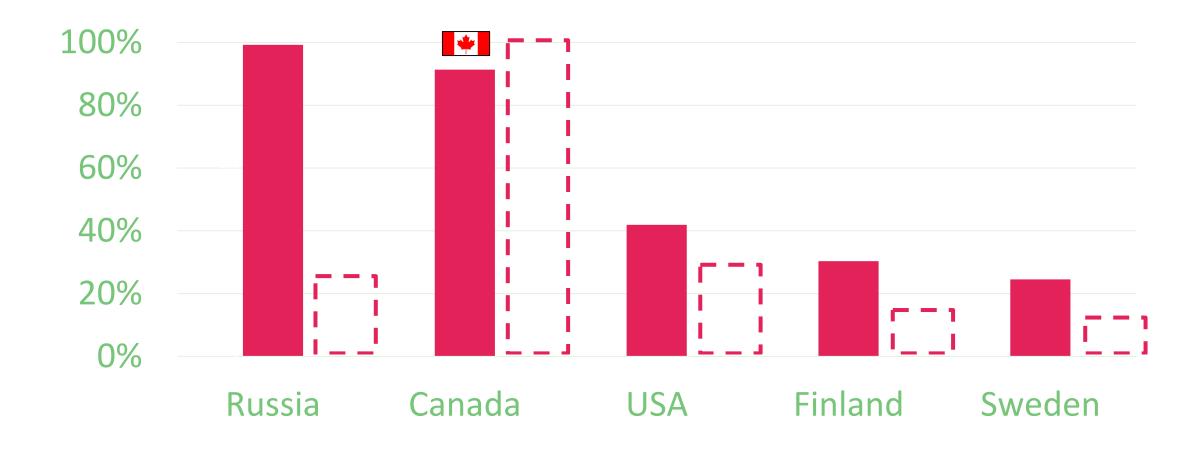


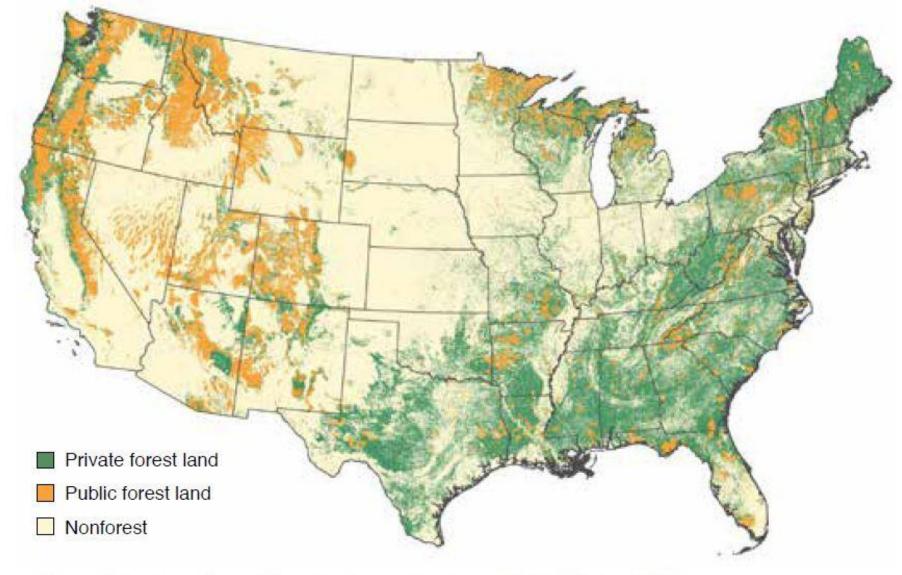


Forest area (million hectares)



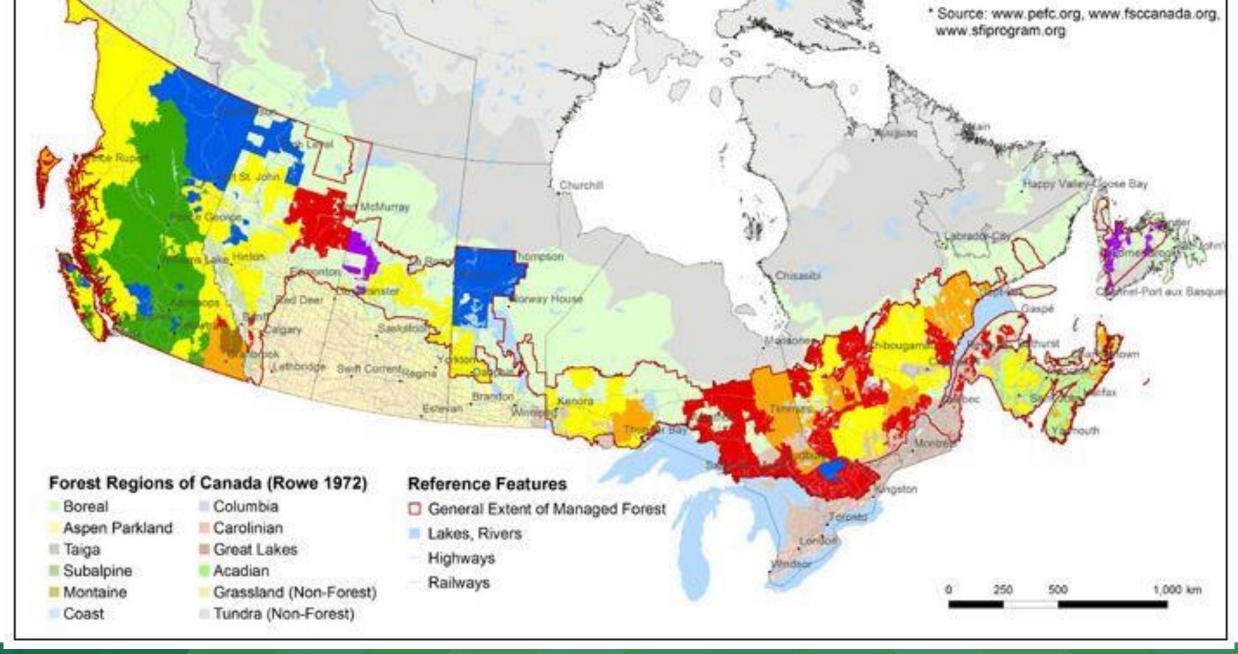
Public ownership of forest





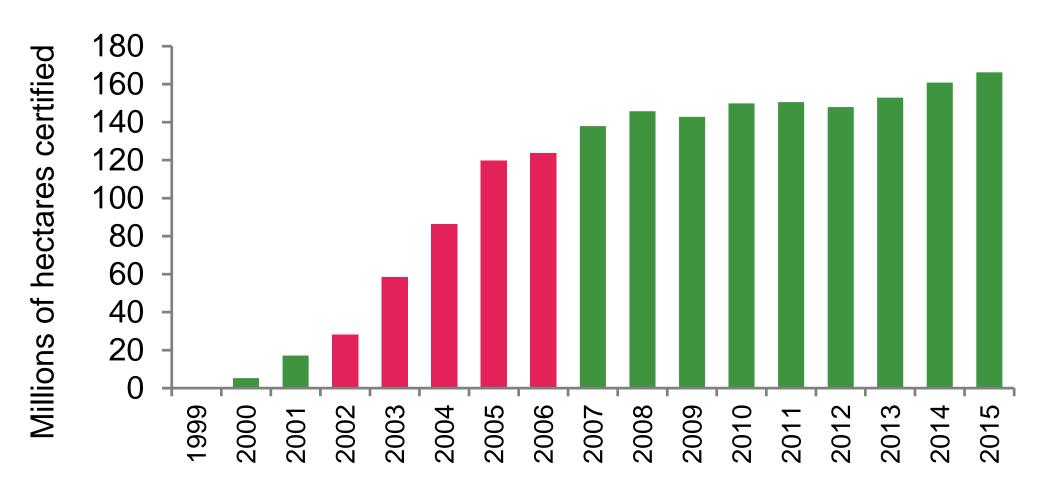
Ownership of woods and forest in the conterminous United States, 2013.







SFM Certification in Canada 1999 to 2015



Canadian Boreal Forest Agreement







"Never since tropical forests were first exploited for timber, has the price of that wood been determined by what it cost to renew or replace it"



- U.S. Lacey Act
- EU Illegal Timber Regulation
- Australian Illegal Logging Prohibition Act 2012 and Regulation

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Forest Products Association of Canada

































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